THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9396. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1781.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

COLLEGE, Nov. 16. 1781.

MR WILLIAM WALLACE Advocate, Profeſſor of SCOTCH LAW, will begin his uſual Courſe of Lectures upon Friday the 23d current, at two o'clock afternoon, in the uſual place.

N. B. To prevent inconveniencies and miſtakes, no admittance without tickets ſhown to the janitor.

HOSIERY, HAT, and MEN's MERCERY WAREHOUSE.

ROBERT M'GACHEN, Hoſier, Hatter, and Men's Mercer, firſt ſtair below the entry to the Exchange, Edinburgh, begs leave to inform the Public, That he has juſt received a large and elegant Aſſortment of every article proper for Gentlemen's Waiſtcoats and Breeches; and likewiſe a freſh Aſſortment of Stockings, particularly adapted for the Winter Seaſon, which he ſells wholeſale and retail, on the very loweſt terms.——The following articles are a part of the very great variety which he has at preſent on hand, viz.

Men's, Women's, and Boy's white Silk Hoſe,
—— and Youths coloured ditto.
Great variety of the Patent Double-looped white, black, and coloured Silk Hoſe, Veſts, Breeches, and Gloves.
Ditto Worſted ditto, ditto.
Men's white and coloured, ribbed and plain Span-ſilk Hoſe.
—— Silk and Worſted, Silk and Cotton, Silk and Thread, and Cotton and Worſted Hoſe.
With every article that is manufactured in the Hoſiery Branch.
Great variety of faſhionable Silks and Sattins for Waiſtcoats and Breeches.
Faſhionable ſtripped Silks and Velverets for ditto.
Prince's Stuffs and Black Velvets for ditto.
Above a hundred dozen of Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs.
A large aſſortment of Silk ditto.
Fine Welſh Flannels.——Together with a great variety of other articles, too numerous to be inſerted.

CALEDONIAN HUNT.

AT the Annual Meeting at KELSO, the following Gentlemen were elected for the enſuing year:

ARCH. DOUGLASS, Eſq; of Douglaſs, Preſes.
SIR ALEX. DON, Treaſurer.
SIR JOHN SCOTT, COLONEL WEMYSS, CAPTAIN JOHN NISBET, } Councillors.

The Members are requeſted to meet at FORTUNE's, upon Tueſday the 11th December.

ARCH. DOUGLASS, Eſq; of Douglaſs, in the Chair.
WILLIAM HAGART, Sec.

MEETING OF THE Feuers of the Extended Royalty of Edinburgh.

THE November half-yearly Meeting of the FEUERS of the Extended Royalty of Edinburgh is to be held at Prince's Street Coffee-houſe here, upon Monday next the 19th current, at twelve o'clock noon; and it is entreated that all concerned will be punctual in their attendance, as matters of general importance will be under conſideration.

General Meeting of the Creditors of Mr Duncan Macmillan writer in Edinburgh.

IN conſequence of a former advertiſement, notes have been given in of Mr Macmillan's debts and obligations, the Truſtee for his Creditors appoints a General Meeting to be held in the Exchange Coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, Friday the 23d of November inſtant, at one afternoon, when a ſtate of debts and effects will be laid before them: And ſuch of the Creditors as have not yet ſigned the deed of acceſſion, will come prepared by themſelves or doers for ſubſcribing the ſame.

By ORDER of the TRUSTEES of the late

Mr William Dick Merchant in Edinburgh.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr DICK by bill or accompt, are requeſted immediately to pay the ſame to JAMES SIMPSON, Bookſeller and Stationer, Edinburgh; as proſecutions will be raiſed againſt all debtors after the 1ſt December.

Such as have any claim upon Mr Dick's eſtate, not already given in, may apply as above.

NOTICE

To the DEBTORS of the deceaſed Mr ALEXANDER CUNNYNGHAME of Lathriſk, writer to the ſignet.

THE DEBTORS of Mr CUNNYNGHAME are, by order of the Truſtees appointed by him, requeſted to pay in the debts owing by them to William Walker, Byres's Cloſe, Edinburgh, on or before the 1ſt day of January next, otherwiſe proſecutions muſt be raiſed againſt them, the expence of which it is entreated they will prevent, as no further delay can poſſibly be given.

NURSERY.

TO be LET, at Hebburn Quay, in the pariſh of Jarrow, and county of Durham, ſituate on the river Tyne, at a convenient and nearly equal diſtance between Newcaſtle and Shields,

All that well-accuſtomed NURSERY and GARDEN GROUND, conſiſting of about nine acres, late in the occupation of Mr George Dale deceaſed.

Any perſon wiſhing to enter on the premiſſes, with the Stock now growing thereon, may have an opportunity of purchaſing the whole, by applying (as directed by an advertiſement in the Newcaſtle Courant of the 10th of this month) to Mr Joſeph Ramſay at Cowpen, Mr John Clennell hatter and hoſier in the Side, Newcaſtle; Mr James Dale of Cheſter; or Mr William Halfgarth, in South Shields.

NURSERY, &c.

TO be had, at the extenſive Nurſery at DALKEITH, belonging to WILLIAM and ARCHIBALD SHIELLS, a large Collection of FRUIT and FOREST TREES of every kind known in this country; alſo a very curious Collection of Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Foreign and Green-houſe Plants, Aſparagus, Artichoke, early and common Cabbage; with all other kinds of Plants, either for garden or field.

Theſe articles being raiſed with the greateſt care, from rather barren ground, cannot fail of being more productive than thoſe which are furniſhed from dunghills, in the neighbourhood of great cities, which, on that account, may be juſtly compared to hot-houſes.

They alſo continue to ſell, at their ſhop oppoſite to the Church of Dalkeith, all kinds of Garden, Graſs, and Flower SEEDS, and every kind of GARDEN TOOLS —Letters addreſſed to William or Archibald Shiells will be carefully attended to; and all commiſſions to the weſt or north country, will be ſent to Edinburgh or Leith, carriage free.

By the Right Honourable
The Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

THE PASTURAGE of Dean of Guild Allan's PARKS

is to be SET, by public roup, in the Laigh Council Houſe, on Wedneſday the 28th day of November current, at five o'clock afternoon, jointly or ſeparately, for one or more years after Candlemas next as may be agreed upon.

The conditions of roup to be ſeen at the City-clerks Chamber.

This Day is publiſhed,
In Two Large Volumes 12mo, price 4s. ſtitched,
A New Edition, being the Fourth, with Additions and Improvements,
OF

THE CHARMER,

A COLLECTION OF SONGS,
Chiefly ſuch as are eminent for POETICAL MERIT,
Among which are a great number of Originals and others that were never before printed in a Song Book.

"*The feather'd Warblers tune their notes.—The Lark!*
"*The Linnet! Blackbird! Bullfinch! Goldfinch! Greenfinch!*
"*But O to me no joy can they afford.*
" ——————— *Nor Lark,*
"*Linnet, nor all the Finches of the Grove.*"

SHERIDAN's CRITIC.

Sold by J. SIBBALD at the EDINBURGH CIRCULATING LIBRARY, Where may be had
The following NEW PRINTS, juſt publiſhed:

A Calm—after Vernet, by Lerpiniere, 19 inches by 24 in length, price 7s. 6d.
La Fleur taking leave of the Girls at the Inn—after H. Bunbury, Eſq; by Watſon, a circle 12 inches diameter, 10s. 6d. plain, and 1l. 5s. in colours.
Peaſants of the Vale of Langollen, in two prints—after Bunbury, by Baldrey, circles 9½ inches diameter, the pair 7s.
Homer repeating his Verſes to the Greeks—after Mortimer, by Blyth, 19½ by 24 inches in length, containing twenty large figures, 7s. 6d.
The Captive, from Sterne's Sentimental Journey—after Mortimer, by Blyth, 12½ by 15½ in length, 3s.
A Print in imitation of Guercino—after Mortimer, by Blyth, 11 by 13½ in length, 2s. 6d.
Antiope—after Angelica Kauffman, by Bartolozzi, an oval 5½ by 7 in heighth, 5s.
A Companion to the Cottage Girls—proofs 5s.
A View of the Bank of England—by Malton, aquatinta, 14½ by 19½ in length, 6s.
View of the Royal Exchange, London—by Malton, companion to the laſt, 6s. or pair 10s. 6d.

J. SIBBALD has at preſent a very large Collection of the beſt Modern Prints, a catalogue of which will ſoon be publiſhed; and he will continue, as formerly, to add the new ones monthly.

To the Muſical Inſtrument and Cabinet Makers, Inlayers, &c.

SOLD at J. HANSLER's Warehouſe, No. 1. New Round Court, Strand, London, exceeding good old dry FIDDLE WOOD of all ſorts, Sounding Boards for Harpſichords and Pianofortes; alſo, Holly and Air Veneers, white or dyed in various beautiful colours; and all ſorts of Hard Woods, wholeſale or retail; and much cheaper than any uſually ſold. Conſtant attendance is given, and all orders for town and country duly attended to with great care, by ſending letters directed as above.

From the London Papers, Nov. 12.

Paris, Oct. 29. The King was received on Friday laſt by the inhabitants of his good city of Paris, with the moſt ſincere tokens of joy and attachment. His Majeſty was ſo far condeſcending as to throw to the populace, out of his coach, ſeveral handfuls of money. This day a ſolemn maſs was celebrated, and a general proceſſion took place on the birth of the Dauphin; the King's letter, directed to the Archbiſhop of Paris on this occaſion, was to the following purport:

"Couſin,

"Divine Providence hath fulfilled all my wiſhes by the birth of a ſon, whom the Queen, my dearly beloved ſpouſe and conſort, has happily brought forth; this event, which ſecures the happineſs of my ſubjects, by ſettling the ſucceſſion of my throne, fills my breaſt with the moſt heart-felt gratitude. My firſt care is to return my thanks to God, and I write (make) this letter to tell you, that my deſire is that you will order *Te Deum* to be ſung in the Metropolitan church of my good city of Paris, on the day and hour which the maſters of the ceremonies ſhall appoint by my order, and that you will alſo give orders for a general proceſſion, and other public prayers on ſuch occaſions. On this I pray God, &c.

Verſailles, Oct. 22. Signed, LOUIS.
1781. By Command, AMELOT."

Hague, Nov. 4. We are informed that the province of Overyſſel has given its conſent to the raiſing of 9,071,198 florins, in order to complete the expences attending the fitting out of ſhips, according to the plan ſettled in 1779, as alſo for the conſtruction of new veſſels to ſupply thoſe which have been taken by the enemy; they have alſo agreed to the payment of 200,000 florins, to aſſiſt the directors of the colony of Rio de Berbice; likewiſe to procure to the above colony proper reinforcements, allowing 799,200 florins for the neceſſary engines to bring the ſhips in dock, and ſettling the augmentation of pay to the troops of the Republic, according to the eſtimation which ſhall be preſented for the year 1782.

The province of Utretch has paſſed the ſame reſolutions, with this difference, that regard ſhall be had to the ſtated eſtimation for war, and that the pay of the Majors, Captains, and Lieutenants, of the body of engineers, ſhall receive the addition of 100 florins, on account of the importance of their function, and the dangers to which they were expoſed.

AMERICA.

Boſton Sept. 10. Thurſday laſt arrived here, in 37 days from France, his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's frigate L'Engageante, with a quantity of caſh.

A letter from New-Haven, dated a few days ſince, ſays, "Our ſituation in this town has been ſuch that but little buſineſs has been done this day, which was occaſioned by two of the enemy's armed veſſels hovering round our harbour. The night before laſt they landed at Weſt-Haven, and took off a number of the inhabitants and about 40 head of cattle, which, with the weight of the guns on her deck, occaſioned her to ſink as ſoon as a ſquall of wind ſtruck her: It is ſaid 100 men were drowned on board; her top-maſt only is now to be ſeen."

Philadelphia, Sept. 12. We hear that all the Militia of the State, Eaſt of the Suſquehannah, have received orders to hold themſelves in readineſs for actual ſervice; and, in conſequence of a requiſition of Congreſs, a great proportion will immediately take the field, and rendezvous in the neighbourhood of the Delaware.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Albany, dated September 8.

"We have juſt received the diſagreeable news, that out of 40 men Colonel Willet ſent out on a ſcout from Fort Plain, (his preſent ſtation) only 12 returned; the reſt having been either killed or taken by a ſuperior force of the enemy."

LONDON.

Orders are iſſued from the Navy Board, for diſcontinuing the expenſive decorations of flag ſhips, which they now find are rendered more uſeleſs than ever, by the frequent ſhifting of the flags from one ſhip to another: Admiral Hyde Parker ſome time ago, on being aſked what ornaments he wiſhed to have on the ſtern of the ſhip?—replied—"damme—none!—no *gingerbread* work at all!—in the firſt place, I never wiſh to "ſhew her *ſtern* to the enemy; and when we come along ſide "of them, if I cannot contrive to diſtinguiſh my ſhip without "the aid of the *painter* and *gilder*, I wiſh ſhe may go right "down, and not to be ſeen at all!"

A genuine letter from Paris, dated the 22d inſt. ſays, "Our Miniſtry are actually of opinion, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia means to aſſiſt Great Britain in a very powerful manner next year; and confirmed, it is her Majeſty's wiſh that peace may take place with Holland."

Further particulars reſpecting the operations of the French fleet in the Cheſapeak.

"On the 10th of Auguſt, De Graſſe ſailed from St Domingo with 27 ſail of the line and ſeveral tranſports, carrying three thouſand men; and on the 26th of the ſame month he arrived in Cheſapeak. The next day he detached three ſhips of the line and one frigate to York River, and on the ſame day diſembarked his troops on the ſouth ſide James River; he then anchored his fleet acroſs the entrance of the Cheſapeak, from Cape Henry to the Middle Ground, conſiſting of 24 ſail of the line. In this ſituation he remained till the 5th of September, when the engagement took place between him and Admiral Graves; and on the 11th he returned again to the Cheſapeak, and come to anchor in Linhaven Bay. The ſame day he was joined by Du Barras's ſquadron, with two thouſand more troops. He ſailed from Rhode Iſland the 25th of Auguſt, and had been cruizing a conſiderable time, with a view to intercept Admiral Digby, or the outward-bound New-York fleet; the former very narrowly eſcaped falling into his hands, and the latter, having touched at Tercera, one of the weſtern iſlands, on their paſſage, was fortunately prevented going into the mouth of danger. Their united force conſiſt of the following ſhips, viz.

Ships.	*Guns.*	*Ships.*	*Guns.*
La Ville de Paris, —	110	Le Hercule, —	74
Le Languedoc, —	84	Le Pluton, —	74
L'Auguſta, —	84	* Le Conquerant,	74
Le St Eſprit, —	84	Le Reſolu, —	64
* Le Neptune, —	84	Le Solitaire, —	64
* Le Burgogne, —	84	Le Caton, —	64
Le Hector, —	80	* Le Sagittaire, —	64
Le Glorieux, —	74	* Le Provence, —	64
Le Valiant, —	74	* Le Ardent, —	64
Le Deſtin, —	74	* Le Jaſon, —	64
Le Sceptre, —	74	* L'Eveille, —	64
Le Marſeillois, —	74	Le Triton, —	60
Le Diademe, —	74	L'Experiment, —	50
Le Northumberland,	74	* Romulus, —	44
Le Zele, —	74	L'Andromaque,	42
Le Cæſare, —	74	La Reclufe, —	40
La Victoire, —	74	La Diligente, —	32
Le Soveraine, —	74	L'Algriette, —	32
Le Palmier, —	74	* Le Hermione, —	32
Le Citoien, —	74	* Gentile, —	32
Le Scorpion, —	74	Le Serpent, —	18
Le Magnanime, —	74	* Fantaſque en flute.	

N. B. Thoſe marked thus * were Du Barras's ſquadron.

ANECDOTES *of Mrs* RAINSFORD, *divorced from her huſband by Act of Parliament, in or about the year* 1769.

Miſs *Maria C*—— was educated at a boarding-ſchool in Queen-ſquare, and as ſhe was to inherit a very large fortune on coming of age, or on the day of marriage, her guardians ſpared no expence in having her completed in all the elegant accompliſhments that are commonly ſuppoſed to adorn the ſex; ſuch as dancing, muſic, drawing, French, and Italian. Mr Rainsford, then a young man of faſhion, juſt returned from his travels, ſaw, and fell in love with her. The girl was exceedingly romantic, and wiſhed for nothing ſo much as a run-away match, with the difficulties and attendants that romances give to them.

She refuſed him, and he perſiſting, actually ran away with her, though her guardians would have no ſort of objection to the match. Before they were married, ſhe granted her lover every favour he could aſk, and then, from an uncommon caprice, refuſed to marry him. They returned unmarried from Scotland; but, pretending to be married, cohabited as man and wife for ſome time. The circumſtances of the affair, however, becoming known to her guardians, they contrived, with great difficulty, to have them married, ſhe proteſting to Mr Rainsford, through the whole of the negociation, that if that ceremony paſſed, ſhe would give her heart and her perſon to the firſt man ſhe liked rather than her huſband. She was as good as her word, and went off to France with a Lieutenant in the Guards. The divorce followed; and her new lover expected to have her for his wife, but was miſtaken.

Her ample fortune maintained them handſomely at Paris, but ſhe would never conſent to be his wife, having a rooted hatred and deteſtation toth at ſtate. When ſhe was tired of her ſoldier, ſhe ſettled a penſion for life on him, and travelled into Italy with the Secretary of the Embaſſy to Naples, and with whom ſhe lived when the laſt accounts of her were received. She has improved her mind as much as ever woman did, making herſelf miſtreſs, with great diligence and attention, of the Greek and Latin Languages, and the German.

She has written a collection of poems in Engliſh and Italian, which are yet in manuſcript, and have been much admired. Some of the latter received the warmeſt admiration of Metaſtaſio, when they were ſhewed to him at Vienna. In a word, ſhe is a real genius, and has lived with all thoſe eccentricities and wildneſs that ſometimes accompany the moſt ſplendid talents.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Nov.* 13.

Admiralty-Office, November 13, 1781.

Extract of a letter from Sir Andrew Snape Hamond, Commiſſioner of his Majeſty's navy at Halifax, to Mr Stephens, dated the 10th of September, 1781.

BE pleaſed to acquaint the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that his Majeſty's ſhip the Chatham, Captain Andrew Shape Douglas, is arrived here with the Magicienne, a French frigate of 32 guns, twelve pounders, and 280 men, commanded by the Chevalier Bouchtierre, which was taken the 2d inſtant, within three miles of Boſton.

The enemy engaged the Chatham half an hour, (although cloſe alongſide) during which time he had 32 men killed and 54 wounded. The Chatham loſt only two men in the action, and had four wounded.

War-Office, November 13. 1781.

21ſt Regiment of Light Dragoons, Captain John Hamilton, of 19th Dragoons, is appointed to be Major, vice John Leche.

26th Regiment of foot, Captain William Myers to be Major, vice Andrew Gordon. Captain-Lieutenant William Blakeney Borough to be Captain of a company, vice William Myers. Lieutenant John Lord Lindores, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice William Blakeney Borough. Enſign Duncan Campbell to be Lieutenant, vice John Lord Lindores. Lieutenant George Berry, of the Eaſt York Militia, to be Enſign, vice Duncan Campbell.

65th Regiment of foot, Volunteer —— Pidgeon to be Enſign, vice Thomas Stamford.

101ſt Regiment of foot, Major Andrew Gordon, of 26th foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Honourable Charles Stuart. Enſign Archibald Ingram, of 78th foot, to be Lieutenant in Captain Charles Baillie's company.

102d Regiment of foot, Enſign James William Unwin, of 52d foot, to be Lieutenant in Captain George Browne's company.

To be Major-Generals in the Eaſt-Indies only.

Colonel Sir John Burgoyne, Bart.
Colonel William Meadows.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *Nov.* 13.

The Norfolk, ——, with maſts, &c. is loſt on the rocks near Norway.

The Albion, Ogden, from Liverpool to Cork, and the Rodney, Bramwell, from Waterford to ditto, are taken and carried into Morlaix.

The Nelly, Owen, from Tortola and Cork to Liverpool, is arrived at Milford, after being taken by a Dunkirk privateer, and ranſomed for 3000 guineas.

The John, Urry, from London to America, retaken by the Adventure privateer of Weymouth, is arrived at Portſmouth.

The Bee, ——, from Newfoundland to Oporto, was taken off Oporto bar.

The Charming Kitty, Roche, from Tortola and Cork, is on ſhore at Liverpool, but is expected to be got off without damage.

The Minerva, Squarey, from London to Quebec, is retaken and carried into Halifax.

The ——, Charles Douſe, from Bilboa to Oſtend, is loſt near Ilfracombe; ſhe had 341 bags of wool, which are ſaved, but all wet.

The Two Brothers, Hans Crew, from Cadiz to Oſtend, is loſt near Ilfracombe, and only ſaved one hide, five bags red wool, 46 barrels cochineal, and three bags of indigo.

Two Danes and a Swede, are ſtranded on the coaſt of Cornwall.

The Brayton, Harriſon, from Liverpool to Quebec, with ſalt, after being retaken, drove on ſhore near Louiſburgh, on her paſſage to Halifax, and loſt her anchors and cables, and received other damage.

The Felicity, Mourant, from Peterſburgh to Jerſey, is loſt in the Baltic near Liban; only a ſmall pars of the cargo ſaved.

The Sarah, Newby, (or Gale) from Jamaica to England, which ſailed with the fleet and ſeparated, afterwards ſprung a leak and put back to Jamaica, where ſhe was to unload and repair, and would then proceed for England.

The Antiguaman, Butler, from Liverpool to Charleſtown, is on ſhore near Hollyhead.

Admiralty-Office, November 12. 1781.

Extract of a letter from Captain Wright, Commander of his Majeſty's ſhip Aurora, to Mr Stephens, dated Mount's Bay, 7th Nov. 1781.

"You'll pleaſe to acquaint my Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that this day, at 11 A. M. there was blown in this bay, by a violent gale of wind at S. W. a French cutter, called the Runtorn, of 35 tons, mounting 2 four-pounders, 6 ſwivels, and 22 men, in the ſervice of the French King, commanded by Monſ. Authoeni Salval, a Lieutenant de Frigate.

"On the cutter coming into the bay, ſhe hoiſted Engliſh colours, upon which I fired at her, when ſhe hauled them down, and hoiſted French ones, and then ſtruck them, and run into the pier of Newland, when I ſecured the priſoners, and delivered them up to the Commiſſary."

From the London Papers, Nov. 13.

LONDON.

We are extremely unhappy to inform the public, that advice was yeſterday received from France, of twelve ſail of the line, ſix frigates, and five thouſand men, having ſailed from Breſt, the beginning of this month, for the Weſt-Indies. We are alſo informed, from the ſame authority, that the Spaniards have equipped a very formidable fleet, which is upon the eve of ſailing for the ſame quarter; and there is every reaſon to believe that the French fleet has orders to touch at Cadiz, and to ſail from thence in company with the Spaniards. It is with the utmoſt reluctance we obſerve, that many corroborating circumſtances have occaſioned very juſt apprehenſions to be entertained for Jamaica. There is too much reaſon to fear their ſole object is to attempt the reduction of that iſland.

It is ſomewhat ſingular, that General Waſhington ſhould have left his intrenchments, and made a march of ſeveral days on his way to aſſiſt in the reduction of Lord Cornwallis's army, before his abſence was even ſuſpected by Sir Henry Clinton. This alone is a convincing proof either of the ability of the Provincial General in making his movements with admirable precaution, or of the groſs neglect of the Engliſh General in omitting to keep a proper watch upon the motions of the enemy.

It is apprehended, by thoſe who have the firſt information, that the French fleet in the Cheſapeak cannot remain long enough there to effect the overthrow of Lord Cornwallis, for want of a ſufficient ſupply of proviſions.

The General Elliott ſchooner, Lieutenant Cornay, is arrived at Portſmouth from Gibraltar, but we do not hear of her bringing any thing material: The Spaniards had fired but very little for ſeveral weeks, nor had their gun boats been ſo troubleſome as uſual; ſeveral Barbary gallies had come in and out with proviſions for the garriſon, with little moleſtation, though the Spaniards had taken two large corſairs in the Gut, belonging to the regency of Algiers.

The impregnability of the garriſon of Gibraltar is no longer apocryphal, for it is very evident that the Spaniards have, for two years, been doing their utmoſt to reduce it, but without ſucceſs, and now grow weary of a labour ſo fruitleſs.

Yeſterday afternoon diſpatches were received from the governor of Jerſey, by which we learn, that the ſquadron had not ſailed from Breſt on the 7th inſt. nor were thought to be near ready.

A report prevails in this city, that an account from France mentions 18 St Domingo ſhips being loſt in a gale of wind, which compelled the remainder of the fleet to return to St Domingo, and that a King's frigate of 36 guns was alſo loſt, and other very conſiderable damage done to the ſhipping.

The only ſhips the Dutch had in commiſſion at the Texel, the firſt inſtant, were:

	Guns.		Guns.
The Ruyldlandt of	64	Medambluk	32
Union	64	Venus	32
Batavia	54	Zephyr	28
Erſs Prince	54	Bellona	28

By letters from Jamaica, it appears that the Dutch are making as complete a magazine of ſtores and European goods at the iſland of Curaſſoa as they had at Euſtatia; that they had raiſed ſome new fortifications to add to the ſtrength of the iſland; and that all their naval force was collected there, the Americans, French, and Spaniards, viſiting it as they did their former ſtorehouſe.

According to letters from Peterſburgh, the Empreſs of Ruſſia had given leave for the Engliſh Ambaſſador to raiſe 2000 ſailors in the ports of her dominions, for the ſervice of the Britiſh navy.

Advice is received by the Ama Catharine, Fielty, which is arrived in the Downs from Liſbon, that a Spaniſh privateer, belonging to Bilboa, called the St Joſeph, was loſt on the 30th ult. in a gale of wind, in the Bay of Biſcay, and only the Captain and ten men were ſaved, being taken up by a Portugueze veſſel and carried into Liſbon; the privateer carried 18 guns, beſides ſwivels, and was juſt fitted out by ſome merchants at Bilboa.

A letter from Quebec by way of Halifax mentions, that the Governor had ſent orders to Montreal for the fortifications of that place to be repaired, and put in a proper ſtate of defence, as information had been received, that as ſoon as the lakes are frozen over, a body of Americans, in conjunction with the French, were preparing to make an incurſion into that province.

The grand object of the combined force of France and Spain, is the making a conqueſt of America, by becoming their allies in the hour of diſtreſs. The Spaniards have already undertaken to march a large army as far as Virginia, while the French are making all the miſchief they can in the other provinces, in conjunction with the American forces.

Commodore Keith Stewart's going again upon his ſtation off the coaſt of Holland, after the Dutch merchantmen have ſailed, is one of theſe ſtrokes of after-wit which diſtinguiſh our glorious directors of the Admiralty.

The Cheſapeak, where the French fleet is ſuppoſed to be now lying, in order to block up that only avenue by which Lord Cornwallis can receive any ſuccours, is the receptacle of four great rivers, the Potowmack, James, York, and Rapahannock; beſides theſe, there are likewiſe ſeveral others of leſs note, which ſwell the Cheſapeak, by diſcharging all their waters into it. The Potowmack is navigable for near 100 miles; James river for 80; and York River and Rapahannock for at leaſt as far. The Bay has from ſeven to nine fathom water at its entrance, and through its whole extent; it reaches above 200 miles into the inland country, and is above twelve miles in its greateſt breadth. It is full of ſmall iſlands, moſtly covered with woods, but the navigation is by no means dangerous; and ſo great is the extent of the bay, that all the ſhips in the univerſe might ride there with eaſe. But one circumſtance happens there, unfavourable to navigation, that in winter it is ſometimes bound by the froſt, which not unfrequently binds up, in one night's time, all the rivers that uſually fall into it.

The next meeting of Parliament will open ſome new ſcenes. Politics have been for ſome time rather at a ſtand. The grand Council of the nation is the wheel which will ſet them a-going again.

A *Political* and *Theological* Society of *Roundheads* is to be inſtituted early the enſuing ſitting of Parliament. Lord K——g, Lord S——y, Lord G—— G——on, and the immaculate and patriotic Lord E——, are to be the principal founders of this renovated body which took its riſe in the days of *Saint Oliver*.

Yeſterday afternoon, Mr Lutterlouh, who gave evidence for the Crown againſt Monſ. De la Motte, lately executed, was removed, by order of the Secretary of State, from New-Priſon, Clerkenwell, to the King's Bench priſon.

Extract of an original letter from an officer at Minorca, to his friend at Cadiz, Oct. 8.

"This morning, about ten o'clock, the diſagreeable news was brought to camp of the loſs of three tranſports from Carthagena, having on board, beſides ſtores, proviſions and ammunition, a regiment of light infantry, conſiſting of 700 men, which marched from Cordova, and every perſon, officers, ſeamen, and ſoldiers, periſhed in the ſea."

Extract of a letter from Toulon, Oct. 14.

"The galley La Firme, one of thoſe that was at Marſeilles, commanded by the Sieur Cazin, arrived here the day before yeſterday. All the ſick galley ſlaves are put on board the other galley, which cannot be got to ſea, as ſhe is almoſt entirely rotten; the other ſlaves arrived here in a chain, by land.

"The Flora frigate, commanded by M. Montgrand, is in the road ready for ſea.

"We hear from Madrid, on the 16th of October, that a packet between Barcelona and Minorca will be eſtabliſhed, as was the caſe during the laſt ſiege, every fifteen days, in order to ſatisfy the impatience of the Public."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Oct. 30.

"As ſoon as the birth of the Dauphin was known in Paris, a private gentleman, who has not made himſelf known, as a demonſtration of joy, ſent 15,000 livres to the treaſurer of the ſociety for the releaſe of priſoners in Fort L'Eveque, and the next day 194 priſoners were diſcharged for that ſum."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Nov. 6.

"The caſh that was ſent to America in the L'Engageante frigate was the amount of the third loan of the clergy laſt year, amounting to about 250,000l. ſterling, 100,000l. of which is to be delivered over to the Preſident of the Congreſs, as a loan from the Crown of France; the remainder is for the payment of the army under the Count Rochambeau."

Extract of a letter from Waterford, Nov. 5.

"I am afraid we have people in this kingdom who have too great a connection in the French privateering trade, and therefore encourage them to cruize ſo much on our coaſt. I believe I may depend upon the truth of my information; that theſe gentlemen get their ſhips and cargoes inſured in London, and if they are taken, they have a double advantage, for they are paid their loſs by the underwriters, and have their ſhare of the prizes remitted them from France; and therefore this ſhould put your underwriters upon their guard; for, if they are not, they will often meet with loſſes."

PRICE OF STOCKS, Nov. 13.

Bank Stock 107¾ a 108.	Ditto 1751, 55 a 54¾.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777. —	India Stock, —
3½ per cent. 1758, 55¼ a 56.	3 per cent. Ann. —
3 per cent. con. 55⅝ a ¼.	India Bonds, par a 1 prem.
3 per cent. red. con. 55¼ a 55.	Exch. Bills, par a 1 s. prem.
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, 1¼ diſc.
Long Ann. —	3 per cent. Scrip. —
— Ann. 1777, —	4 per cent. Scrip. —
Ditto 1778, 12 3-16ths a ¼.	Omnium, —
South Sea Stock, —	Bank Stock Scrip. —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Lot. Tic. 14 l. 16 s. a 18 s. a 17 s.
Ditto New Ann. 55¼ a ⅜.	

WIND AT DEAL,
Nov. 12. W.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Nov. 13.

"It is aſſerted, from the moſt reſpectable authority, that the Right Honourable Mr Flood has *reſigned* his employments under Government in Ireland, and that they have been given to the Earl of Shannon.

"Notwithſtanding that the *Patriots* have detached a large ſquadron, conſiſting of twelve ſail of the line, from Breſt, in queſt of the Jamaica fleet, neither Government, nor any one acquainted with Adminiſtration, have received any advice of ſuch a thing. Nor is it at all believed that there is the leaſt foundation for it.

"A report is very current about town, that Congreſs have cauſed it to be ſignified to the Miniſtry, by the way of France, that they expect that Mr Laurens, now confined in the Tower, ſhould be delived up, or General Burgoyne returned to them. We do not hear whether this is to be depended upon or not; however, the account is too ſtrongly inſiſted upon to be paſſed over unnoticed.

"The Miniſtry have had ſeveral cabinet councils, reſpecting the proper meaſures to be taken in the preſent ſituation of things in America. The Ch———r, and the Bedford intereſt, are ſaid to be very ſtrongly for putting matters *in train* for a ſeparate peace with America; but they have been overruled by the reſt of the cabinet, and the general opinion is, that nothing deciſive will be determined upon till the meeting of Parliament.

"It appears plain, that by our enemies own accounts, they will not find Minorca ſo eaſy a conqueſt as they at firſt imagined. The bravery of our troops, and the wiſdom of our General, are both well known; and to this it may be added, that the regiments we have there, are all veterans, long tried in the ſervice, ſo that there can be but little to fear from the Spaniards, who are far from being beloved by the people of the iſland. The Minorquons, originally a colony from Gaul (i. e. France,) were ſubdued firſt by the Moors from Barbary, and then by the Spaniards, who cruelly oppreſſed them, but now, by becoming ſubject to Great-Britain, they enjoy real liberty. They never yet made any complaint of our people, but in two inſtances of a very private nature, one of which was owing to the youthful gallantry of three young officers who married three nuns, (1748); and the other to the imprudence of a late Governor, who was immediately recalled.

"This day diſpatches were ſent off from the Hanoverian Office, at St James's, and from the Secretaries of State, with orders for the immediate payment and embarkation of the troops in that Electorate, lately raiſed for foreign ſervice.

"This day orders were ſent off from the Admiralty, to Commodore Keith Steuart, to be in readineſs with his ſquadron, to ſail with the firſt notice for the coaſt of Holland.

"A letter from New York of 26th September, to a merchant in Briſtol, has the following paragraph:

"General Arnold has not only taken all the privateers in "New London, but has alſo deſtroyed all their merchant ſhips, "many of which were richly laden: after which he landed, "and ſet fire to the town, which ſoon reduced 140 dwelling-"houſes and 60 warehouſes, full of Weſt India and European "goods, to an immenſe value. By this gallant action, that "neſt of privateers is demoliſhed.

"But although the valour of the General and troops has "hereby rendered great ſervice to the Crown, yet the merit of "our Chief Juſtice, William Smith, Eſq; of New York, "ought not to be forgotten, ſince he, as being one of the "Council, adviſed and preſſed Sir Henry Clinton on this ex-"pedition. This extraordinary ſervice, although Mr Smith "was born in New York, is an inconteſtible proof of his duty "and loyalty to the King, and his abhorrence of rebellion."

A letter from a gentleman of Ireland, now at Paris, to his father, dated 16th October laſt, has theſe words, "You may depend, that if the moſt vigorous meaſures are not immediately taken up by our court, it will go very hard with us to keep our ancient reſpectability at ſea, or preſerve our trade next year. Several councils have been held at Verſailles laſt month, the reſult of which the Miniſter dont affect to conceal—namely, to direct the whole power and reſources of the kingdom to one great object, which is to make their navy ſuperior to the Britiſh in number, in ſo decided a manner as to inſure them the dominion of the ſeas, that being, as the Miniſters ſay, the only way to humble the proud iſlanders, who will loſe their haughty tone, and become ſuppliants to France, when once their trade is deſtroyed."

On Monday laſt died at Weſtruther Manſe, Berwickſhire, the Rev. Mr Francis Scott, minister there upwards of forty years; a gentleman well known and much reſpected in that part of the country. He preſerved, during a long and tedious indiſpoſition, a moſt agreeable temper and Chriſtian ſpirit, and died amidſt the tears of his friends and connections.

The Anniverſary Meeting of the Society of Antiquaries was held at their Hall on Wedneſday laſt, when the Earl of Kinnoul and the Reverend Dr Robertſon, Principal of this Univerſity, were unanimouſly elected Honorary Members of the Society.

A Diſcourſe ſuitable to the occaſion was delivered from the Chair. Afterwards, the Society dined together at Fortune's Tavern, forty-ſix members being preſent, who partook of a ſimple but elegant entertainment, altogether compoſed of the productions of this country.

The principal toaſts were, ——The King, the Generous Patron of Arts and Sciences.—The Queen.—The Prince of Wales, and all the Royal Family.—Proſperity to his Majeſty's Councils.—Succeſs to his arms by ſea and land.—Trade and manufactures foſtered and ſupported by agriculture.—Proſperity to the Society, and to her ſiſter Societies in England and Ireland.—The Earl of Bute, and the abſent Members of the Society.—The Land of Cakes; "May it ever remain united in affection, as well as in Government, with England."

Besides these toasts, many glasses were drank to the memory of Scottish Worthies; and the Duke of Buccleugh, with other illustrious and worthy Patriots were not forgotten on the list of the living. Upon the whole, we are happy to learn, that this entertainment was conducted with the greatest decorum, and much to the satisfaction of every one present.

In our paper of the 14th of February last, we had occasion to take notice of a decision of the Court of Session, in a cause brought at the instance of the Society of Solicitors before the Commissary, Sheriff, and City Courts of Edinburgh, against the Publisher of the *Edinburgh Gazette*, for certain paragraphs inserted in his paper of the 28th April preceding; and likewise against the Publisher of this paper, as administrator-in-law for his son. At that time, the Publishers had the good fortune to receive a decision of the Court in their favour; they having been pleased to pronounce an interlocutor, finding no sufficient *animus injuriandi* in the paragraphs complained of. The action was therefore dismissed. Against this judgment the Solicitors reclaimed by petition. The Publisher of this paper likewise reclaimed for his expences, as he had been improperly brought into the action, the Lord Ordinary having originally assoilzied him, on account of his not being the publisher of the *Edinburgh Gazette*. Both petitions were ordered to be answered. Answers were accordingly given in; and, when the cause was about to be advised last session, the Solicitors thought proper to present a petition for a delay. This petition was couched in such indecent terms, and so highly derogatory to the honour of the Court, that they were unanimously about to order it to be thrown over the bar, when one of the counsel for the Solicitors begged the Court would allow him to withdraw it. This being granted, a more decent petition was next day presented, and the Court granted the delay prayed for. Yesterday, the cause came to receive a decision, when the Publishers were not so fortunate as they had been formerly. The Lords were pleased to *alter* their own decision, pronounced on the 13th of February last, and to *adhere* to the interlocutor of Lord Hailes, Ordinary in the cause, regarding the damages and expences awarded against the Publisher of the *Edinburgh Gazette*. They were also pleased to find him liable in Ten Pounds additional to the Solicitors, as the expences they had incurred before the whole Lords. The petition at the instance of the Publisher of this paper, they were pleased to *refuse*, as *incompetent*.

The Lords who were of opinion, that no sufficient *animus injuriandi* was contained in the paragraphs complained of, were, Lord Kaimes, Lord Alva, Lord Monboddo, and Lord Westhall.

The Lords on the other side were, the Lord President, Lord Elliock, Lord Stonefield, Lord Gardenston, Lord Kennet, Lord Hailes, Lord Ankerville, and Lord Braxfield.

When the cause was formerly determined, Lord Stonefield, Lord Ankerville, and Lord Braxfield were of opinion for the Publishers; and Lord Braxfield then delivered the reasons of his opinion at considerable length. His Lordship, yesterday, only said, he had altered that opinion, which we regret, as it puts it out of our power to inform the public upon what grounds it went. Lord Auchinleck was also for the Publishers, when this cause was formerly decided, but was prevented from attending the Court yesterday by indisposition.

By a letter from Glasgow, dated the 15th curt. we are happy to learn, that there were just arrived from Jamaica, in Clyde, the Fanny, Campbell; Mary, Hunter; Minerva, Spiers; and Commerce, Symonds. The Jamaica, M'Gill, is arrived at Cork. The rest are expected to arrive in a few days. It is said that three ships bound for England have foundered at sea; names unknown.

Thursday arrived in Leith Roads, from the Nore, his Majesty's armed ship Alfred, and the Swan tender, having under their convoy the trade from London.

By letters from Petersburgh, of the 19th of September, we are informed, that the British had this season four-fifths of the trade to Petersburgh. On the 11th of September 460 British vessels had been there. The Dutch had three vessels which came there last season, and had not sailed on the 11th of September; and no other vessel from Holland had arrived at that time, nor could this season; so that the British must be in possession of most of the naval stores, such as hemp, iron, &c. From this account, which may be depended on as authentic, the great advantage resulting from Admiral Parker's engagement with the Dutch fleet may be easily conceived. Had he only been reinforced with two ships more, the victory must have been complete, and perhaps the greatest part of the Dutch fleet might have graced the review at the Nore.

The Countess of Donegal, Captain Reed, has arrived in Loughfoil from Charlestown.—In her passage she touched at Madeira, where a Portugueze, from Goa for Lisbon, brought intelligence, that the Swallow packet, with Lord Macartney and several gentlemen, bound to Madras, arrived at Surat, on the Malabar coast, about the 29th or 30th of May, in a very bad condition, with several feet water in her hold, and the loss of all her guns, which were thrown overboard in a dreadful monsoon or hurricane, in the gulph of Bassora. The passengers and crew were alive, and in tolerable health. After refitting they proceeded for the Coromandel coast, which it is supposed they made in about three weeks.

Thomas Gordon at Spittle, formerly at Hornecliff, accused of the theft of two sheep, from the park of Abraham Logan, tenant in Lamberton, upon the night of the 24th of October last, which were said to be found slaughtered in his possession, and also of violently assaulting and wounding Abraham Logan, when endeavouring to apprehend him, has been brought from Greenlaw prison, and incarcerated in the Tolbooth of this city, by warrant of one of the Lords of Justiciary, the Lord Advocate being determined to bring him to trial before that High Court for the above crimes.

By the determination of the Sheriffs of Lanerk, Dumbarton, and Renfrew, the prices of grain are so low, that the importation of oat-meal is prohibited on paying the low duties.

Tuesday night, a woman going down the west quay of Greenock, in order to see her husband that was on board of a ship, the night being dark, unluckily fell over the quay and was drowned: Her corpse was found sometime thereafter.

Wednesday morning, a young man named John Hunter, weaver in parish of Cambuslang, was found dead at Deanfield, in said parish. He had gone to Kilbryde fair the preceding day, and was returning home, supposed to be the worse of liquor.

We hear from Wigton, in Galloway, that a melancholy affair happened there on the 5th instant:—One Emilia Fullerton, spouse to James Guthrie, being left in the house by herself, fell into the fire, and had continued in it for a considerable time. When she was found, her head was almost burnt off, as was also her breasts, and one of her arms; and the rest of her body all scorched in a remarkable manner. It is supposed she was in liquor.

The Fox, (late the Tom Lee) Stirret, is arrived at New-York from Clyde.

The Jamaica, M'Lean, is arrived at New-York from Jamaica.

The following ships are captured by the enemy, viz. the Commerce, Langmuir, from Clyde to Hallifax; the Rose, ——, from Clyde to Charlestown; the Edinburgh, M'Crukie, from Clyde to Quebec; the Dolly, Newbold, from New York to Charlestown; the Barrington, Bouchier, from Savannah to Jamaica; the Dolphin, ——, and the British Tar, ——, from Penobscot to New-York; and the Quebec, Kerr, from Clyde to Madeira and Quebec.

The Aurora, Blane, from Clyde to New-York, is taken and carried into Boston.

The Nelly, Owen, from Tortola and Cork for Liverpool, is put into Milford, after being taken and ransomed by a French cutter for 5000 guineas.

By letters from Mr Breslaw, dated Greenock the 16th instant, we are informed, that he and Miss Rosamond, on their return to this metropolis, are engaged to exhibit again, by desire of many Ladies and Gentlemen, at the Assembly Hall in Glasgow, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday next, the 19th, 20th, and 21st instant, in the evenings, to begin precisely at seven o'clock. The particulars of those new variety of performances will be expressed in the bills. Admittance Two Shillings each person.—After which they will set out immediately for this city.

Extract of a letter from York-Town in Virginia, dated September 16.

"By land we apprehended no danger, even allowing Washington's army to join the Marquis La Fayette at French-Town. Every height arround this town is fortified, and the troops that occupy them are no strangers to the bayonet. A force of not less than from 8 to 9000 men can be produced in this garrison. We have been threatened with an attack by the Marquis's troops and the French, but they have been polite enough not to disturb us as yet. The force landed by the French is said to be from 4 to 5000 men, a great number of which are sick. The Marquis's force is 2500 continentals, and militia in abundance. The army is put to allowance, from which it is to be thought we will be laid close siege to immediately."

Extract of a letter from York, Nov. 16.

"On Wednesday the 14th inst. at nine o'clock P. M. was discovered in this city, a Comet; the intervening clouds would not permit it to be observed with an equatorial, so as to determine, with accuracy, its right ascension and declination; it was in the neck of the Swan, moving to the equator with a rapid motion, of about four degrees *per* day. It appeared to the naked eye as a star of the fourth magnitude, with a nucleus and coma.

"At our fair on Tuesday last, there was a very great show of horned cattle, which in general, particularly such as were fit for slaughter, were sold at good prices."

Extract of a letter from Paisley, Nov. 14.

"Yesternight, as the people were returning from a fair at Lochwinnoch, a man supposed to be in liquor, having gone off the road, fell over the top of the lime-quarry at Corseford, and was killed on the spot."

Extract of a letter from Belfast, Nov. 9.

"Tuesday night last, a large smuggling cutter, belonging to the Mull of Galloway, struck on the Maiden Rocks near Larne, and was lost; the Captain, owner, and 17 of the crew perished; 32 others got into the long-boat, which was driven with the wind to Knocknagony, within three miles of this town, where they got on shore. The vessel carried 16 guns, and her cargo estimated at 40,000 l. which consisted of tea, silks, spirits, &c.—It is confidently reported, that the Stag frigate has taken a smuggling lugger off the Isle of Man, and carried her into that place."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 12.

"Among the bounties granted by the Commons on Thursday, were 6000 l. for building churches; 3000 l. for the ballast-office wall; 3000 l. for the House of Industry; 10,000 l. for the Dublin Society; 1100 l. for the Poor's Bath; 600 l. four building a quay at Dungarvan; 1000 l. for the river of Drogheda; and 2000 l. for repairing the harbour of Cork; which last grant was obtained through the uncommon ardour of the Cork Representatives, who omitted no means of attending to the duties of that great commercial city.

"The sum of two thousand pounds was also voted to the cotton works of this kingdom. Quere, Would it not have been better to have vested this money in the hands of the Dublin Society to pay it to these works, in bounties of so much per yard on their produce?

"Saturday last, between 11 and 12 o'clock, an accidental fire broke out in the Customhouse, which burned for some time with great violence; but, by the assistance of the firemen and engines, and the particular exertions of Mr Moore, of Essex-street, who directed the principal engine himself, the fire was happily got under without doing so much mischief as it was natural to expect. The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor and the High Sheriffs attended on the first alarm, and continued there till the fire was extinguished; and the different officers and clerks of the Customhouse removed, on the first intimation of the fire, all the books and papers to a place of safety. It was very fortunate that the fire was got under before it reached the spirits, &c. in the stores, as the consequences must have been dreadful.

"The smuggling of teas into this kingdom will probably be soon at an end, or at least cease during the war, as the price of that commodity at Gottenburgh, Dunkirk, &c. is advanced near 70 l. per cent. no black teas being to be had there under three shillings of our money; so that they can be imported cheaper from England, paying all duties, than they can be run from elsewhere. This circumstance, and the capture lately of so many of the renegade Hibernico-Gallican privateers has already a visible effect at Rush and other places in Fingal, where sorrow and dismay are to be seen on every side."

IRISH PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, *Saturday, November* 10.

The House met, and Mr Richard Longfield presented a petition from Mr Longfield against Mr Jephson, the sitting member, complaining of an undue return for the town of Mallow.

Ordered that said petition be taken into consideration on the 13th of February next.

Mr *Forster* reported from the committee of supply, the several resolutions were read and agreed to; on the one for granting 1100 l. to the poor baths, the house divided,

For the resolution	85
Against	43

After the resolutions were gone through, the Right Hon. *H. Flood* rose, and said, from the enormous debt that was yearly accumulating, there was the most urgent necessity to take into consideration the state of the nation, in order to adopt some permanent and solid system of retrenchment; if that consideration was to be gone into, it ought to have œconomy for its principle, and sober reason for its guide. After adverting in a very minute manner to several of the public accompts, he said he could not sit down without remarking on some words that fell from an honourable member on the opposite bench (Mr Daly) in the course of Thursday's debate. The honourable gentleman had said, that the motives which influence my present public conduct arise from disappointed ambition; there was no man in that House to whom the words were less applicable; my ambition has not been disappointed; on the contrary, my ambition has been fully gratified in the favour of my Sovereign, and in the possession of one of the most dignified offices in the state. For twenty years, in office and out of office, the public weal was my chief desire; I was not factious when out of office, and no man can now charge me with being so. Conscious of the rectitude of my own intentions, I always acted from principle, and that alone shall ever influence my public conduct.

Mr Daly begged to inform the right honourable gentleman, that no such words as were ascribed ever fell from him; no gentleman in that house entertained a higher respect for the right honourable gentleman than he did; his abilities he revered in and out of Parliament; he admired him; he often had the honour of concurring in sentiment with the right honourable member. Mr Daly, in a most manly and gentlemanlike manner, that will ever reflect honour on him, apologized for any acrimony of expression that might have fallen from him.

The House being now thrown into good humour, Mr *Foster* moved, that the order for the House going into a committee of supply on Monday next be discharged, and that the House do now go into said committee. Being agreed to, the Speaker quitted the chair, when some resolutions were agreed to. The Speaker resumed the chair. Mr Foster reported.

Mr *Foster* moved, that the House do on Monday next resolve itself into a committee of ways and means for raising the supplies, which was agreed to.

—— Pratt, Esq; was introduced, sworn, and took his seat for the borough of Navan.——Adjourned to Monday next.

NERVA *shall appear in our next.*

Several of our Subscribers in Glasgow having been charged sixpence postage for Monday last's paper, we think it necessary to acquaint them, that the money is at their credit, and will be allowed at settling.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Oct. 28. Betsey and Brothers of and for Leith, Wishart, from Petersburgh, with sundries.
Peggy of and for Kirkcaldy, Bett, from Memel, with balks.

ARRIVED,

30. Betsey of Wemyss, Thomson, from Memel, for Leith, balks.

ELSINORE, Oct. 30, 1781. Wind N.

WALTER WOOD.

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Sailed from Stromness, October 27.

Happy Return of and from Newcastle, Burnet, for Dublin.
—— —— of and for Westport, Agnew, from Drontine.
Content of and for Liverpool, Ward, from Petersburgh.
William of and for Lancaster, Davis, from Narva.
Liberty of and for Workington, Allis, from Petersburgh.
Valentine of and for Lancaster, Woodburn, from Petersburgh.
Helen of Olverton, Beglands, from Narva.
Active of and for Liverpool, Pool, from Wyburgh.
Fortune of Greenock, M'Owan, from Shetland for Dublin.
Betsey of and from Wick, M'Cormack, for the Highlands.
Fortune of and from Thurso, Robinson, for ditto.
Dispatch of and from Peterhead, Gray, for ditto.
Tartar of and from ditto, Gray, for ditto.
Canterberry of and from ditto, Souter, for Sky.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

Nov. 15. Mercury, Barr, from Sealock, in ballast.
Charles, Forsyth, from Petersburgh, with hemp, &c.
16. Diligence, Shaw, from London, with goods.
Betsy, Boyd, from ditto, with ditto.

Wind S. W.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, Nov. 16.

	First.		Second.		Third.	
Wheat,	18s.	9d.	17s.	2d.	16s.	0d.
Bear,	13	3	12	6	11	8
Oats,	10	6	10	0	9	4
Pease,	10	0	9	8	9	0

FLOWER ROOTS AND GARDEN SEEDS.

JOSEPH ARCHIBALD, No. 88. Chapel Street, Nicholson's Park, has just got home from Haerlem and London, a large Collection of double and single HYACINTHS, all colours; fine double JONQUILS, and POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS, with many other kinds: Also, All kinds of GARDEN SEEDS, good and fresh.

Likewise sells Variety of ORANGE, MYRTLE, GERANIUM, and other PLANTS: with Flower Pots, Flower Glasses, Birds Fountains; Rape, Canary, Hemp, and Maw Seeds for Birds;—Garden Tools, Hedge Gloves, &c ——Paper, Quills, Ink, Wax and Wafers.

*** Several Gardeners to be heard of at the above Shop.

Where may be had, just published, price 1 s. 6 d. *or interleaved* 2 s.

(Dedicated to DAVID STEWART MONCRIEFFE, Esq; of Moredun)

The Botanist and Nurseryman's Companion,

Containing the Species and Varieties of most Trees, Shrubs, Fruits, Herbs, and Flowers, Native or Exotic, presently cultivated in Britain. Also, Garden, Grass, and Flower Seeds.

With the generic and specific Names, taken from LINNÆUS.

A. AND R. GWYNNS, MILLINERS,

At the Sun, High-Street, Edinburgh,

BEG leave to acquaint their Friends and the Public, That they have just got from London a Large and Elegant Assortment of WINTER FASHIONS, together with a great variety of Persian, Sattin, and Marciled Petty-coats; Stripped, Plain, and Figured Muslins; Tambour ditto; Aprons, Handkerchiefs, and Muffles, which articles they mean to sell upon the most moderate terms for ready money.

FURNISHED LODGINGS.

AT the Gilded Head, N. 10. St Andrew's Street, New Town, Edinburgh, an elegant FURNISHED LODGING, consisting of three bed-chambers and a drawing-room, on one floor; with a dining-room on the first floor, with the use of a kitchen,—to be LET, together or separately, by the night, or any stipulated time as may be agreed upon; on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. There is also a Stable, with stalls for two horses, and other office-houses.

EXCISE-OFFICE, Edinburgh, 16th November 1781.

By order of the Hon. the COMMISSIONERS of EXCISE,

THERE will be exposed to SALE, by public auction, within the Hall of the EXCISE OFFICE in EDINBURGH, on FRIDAY the 23d of November instant, at twelve o'clock noon,

Several Parcels of TEA, COFFEE BERRIES, FOREIGN and BRITISH SPIRITS, and STARCH; with the MATERIALS of a great number of SMALL STILLS, and UTENSILS for DISTILLATION; lately condemned, as forfeited, before his Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

The goods and conditions of sale to be seen at the Excise Office in Edinburgh, and in the Excise Warehouse of Leith, on the day before, and morning of the day of sale.

THE SALE of the Eſtate of CARGEN is, by deſire of an intended purchaſer, to be ADJOURNED till Wedneſday the 23d January 1782.

LEASE OF TOLLS at PERTH BRIDGE.

THAT upon Monday the 17th day of December next, at eleven of the clock forenoon, there will be expoſed to public roup, within the Town-houſe in Perth, A TACK or LEASE, for three years after Whitſunday next, of the TOLLS or PONTAGE-DUTY payable at the Bridge of Perth; with the Toll-houſe, being a commodious Dwelling-houſe, at the eaſt end of the Bridge.

The articles of the roup, and the conditions of the leaſe, may be ſeen in the hands of Patrick Miſer writer in Perth, clerk to the Commiſſioners for the bridge.

A TOWN HOUSE to SELL, And COUNTRY HOUSE to LET, FURNISHED.

TO be SOLD, and entered to at Whitſunday next, That well-finiſhed NEW HOUSE, oppoſite to Queenſberry Lodging in Canongate, conſiſting of two different lodgings, which may be poſſeſſed either ſeparately or together, having a communication with each other. The whole conſiſting of 14 rooms, with kitchen, back court, and cellars; all well lighted and neatly finiſhed.—The houſe will be ſold a good deal below prime coſt, and the money allowed to remain in the hands of the purchaſers, upon proper ſecurity.—The under lodging, conſiſting of two ſtories, and back court and offices, will be let either furniſhed or unfurniſhed, and may be entered to immediately.

LIKEWISE,

To be LET FURNISHED, the HOUSE of ROSEBANK, pleaſantly ſituated in the neighbourhood of Roſlin, conſiſting of eight rooms, kitchen, and cloſets, with all ſorts of offices.

N. B. Both houſes may be ſeen every day from twelve o'clock to three in the afternoon; and for particulars, apply to the proprietrix at Roſebank, or to Edward Young ſolicitor at law, Weſt Bow, Edinburgh.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 21ſt day of November 1781, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

I. A HOUSE and YARD at Loanhead, near Laſſwade,

in the pariſh of Laſſwade and ſhire of Edinburgh. This ſubject holds feu of Sir James Clark of Pennycuick, for yearly payment of 1 l. 10 s. Scots.—The preſent rent is 4 l. Sterling.

II. The THIRD PART of a TENEMENT of HOUSES and YARD lying in the town of Tranent, on the weſt ſide thereof, which formerly belonged to James Vallance merchant in Tranent.

The progreſs of writs and articles of ſale are in the hands of James Thomſon clerk to the ſignet.

SALE OF A HOUSE, GARDENS, AND OFFICES, IN ELGIN.

TO be SOLD, That HOUSE and Gardens, with convenient Offices and Pigeon-houſe, lying at the weſt end of the town of Elgin, belonging to Mr Innes, preſently poſſeſſed by Mrs Ruſſell. The whole premiſſes lie connectedly within one wall; the gardens well ſtocked with fruit-trees of the beſt kinds, and the ſituation healthy and convenient.

Thoſe inclining to purchaſe may apply to John Innes writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh; or to Thomas Sellar writer in Elgin.

Againſt AUTUMNAL COMPLAINTS,
At this time ſo very predominant from obſtructed Perſpiration.

BEAUME DE VIE.

By the KING's PATENT.

THERE is not in the whole Materia Medica, ſo great a preſervative as this celebrated Medicine; which, by its cordial, attenuating, and detergent powers, fortifies the ſtomach and bowels, purifies the blood and juices, and gives to the whole ſyſtem its natural equilibrium.—To theſe qualities the faculty aſcribe its great efficacy in bilous, gouty, rheumatic, and ſcorbutic complaints. From the ſame principle, it has never failed to relieve in languid, nervous, and hypochroniac caſes: and hence it has been found ſo particularly beneficial in FEMALE DISORDERS.

*** To prevent counterfeits, the bottles are each ſigned by

W. NICOLL, (Vender.) T. BECKET, (a Proprietor.)

☞ The Proprietors of this medicine are very happy to receive from their correſpondents the moſt flattering accounts of its efficacy in the preſent reigning complaints in the STOMACH and BOWELS.

Sold by W. Nicoll, St Paul's Church-yard, London, at 3 s. the bottle, with the uſual allowances; Meſſrs HUSBAND and ELDER, Edinburgh; J. Potts at Dublin; and by a dealer in all the principal towns in Great Britain.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 5th December next, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon,

The Town and Lands of WHITERIGGS,

with the teind-ſheaves thereof, and ſalmon-fiſhing on the water of Bervie; and theſe parts of the barony of GARVOCK, called *Arthurhouſe, Thornyle, Switywellit,* and *Eaſter* and *Weſter Waterlairs,* lying within the pariſhes of Fordoun and Garvock, and ſhire of Kincardine. The yearly rental of theſe lands, after all deductions, as proved in the proceſs of ſale, is 85 l. 2⅔ d. Sterling, holding of ſubjects ſuperior, for payment of trifling feu-duties.

The upſet price at which they are to be expoſed is 1955 l. 6 s. 3¾ d. Sterling, being twenty-three years purchaſe of the ſaid free rent.

Mr Leith at Whiteriggs will ſhow the grounds.

The conditions of roup, with the progreſs of writs, may be ſeen by applying to Alexander Roſs depute clerk of Seſſion, or to Thomas Macdonald clerk to the ſignet.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe in Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 28th day of November curt. between the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

The LANDS of WESTER DRAKIES, poſſeſſed by John Fraſer, William Kennedy, and Donald Macintoſh, lying in the pariſh and ſhire of Inverneſs. The yearly rent of theſe lands is 71 bolls 2 firlots victual, and 14 l. 17 s. 3 d. 10-12ths ſterling of money. They hold of the burgh of Inverneſs, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

The upſet price is 1148 l. 13 s. 7 d. 10-12ths, being twenty-two years purchaſe of the free rent, valuing the victual at 11 s. per boll.——Alſo,

That HOUSE in the SOCIETY, Edinburgh, built by Mr Campbell of Argyle's Square, and lately poſſeſſed by John Home, Eſq; at 45 l. ſterling of yearly rent. It lies on the ſouth of Mr Pringle's houſe, and conſiſts of ſunk ſtorey, parlour and drawing-room floors, two ſtoreys above for bed-rooms, beſides garrets. It holds feu of a ſubject-ſuperior for payment of 1 l. 12 s. of feu-duty. The upſet price 527 l. 8 s. being twelve years purchaſe of the free rent.

The houſe may be ſeen every lawful day from twelve to two o'clock.

Copies of the articles of roup and conditions of ſale are in the hands of Mr George Kirkpatrick depute clerk of ſeſſion, and Matthew Sandilands writer to the ſignet, who will ſhow the progreſs of writs, and give any further information to thoſe intending to purchaſe.

SALE OF A SHIP.

TO be SOLD by auction, at Lawſon's Coffeehouſe, Leith, on Tueſday the 27th day of November current, betwixt the hours of twelve and one afternoon,

The Brigantine BECKY AND HARRIET, about 100 tons burden, built in America eight years ago, prize to the Lively Privateer, and now lying in Leith harbour.

For inventories of the ſhip, and conditions of ſale, apply to Meſſrs Ramſay, Williamſon, and Co. Leith.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 28th day of November curt. betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The LANDS and ESTATE of BUNZEON, which belonged to the deceaſed Robert George Bruce of Bunzeon, lying within the pariſhes of Cults and ſheriffdom of Fife, and the privilege of purchaſing the free teind thereof.

The free ſtock or rent of the lands amounts to 86 l. 7 s. 3 d. 5-12ths.

The proven rental of the lands, at twenty-three years purchaſe, is - - - - - L. 1986 7 6 7-12ths

The free teind amounts to 161. 5 d. 4-12ths, which, at five years purchaſe, is - - 80 2 2 8-12ths

Amounting, the total value of the ſaid lands and teind, after all deductions, to L. 2066 9 9 3-12ths

The lands hold blench of the Crown, for payment of one penny Scots.

The articles of roup may be ſeen at the office of Alexander Stevenſon depute clerk of ſeſſion; and further information will be got by applying to John Ruſſell junior clerk to the ſignet.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE, AND HOUSES IN EDINBURGH.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 28th November 1781, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

I. The Lands and Eſtate of LATHRISK and FREUCHIE, containing about 700 acres, incloſed and ſubdivided by hedges and ditches, and ſtrips of planting. The lands lie within a mile of the burgh of Falkland, in the centre of the great cattle-markets of Fife, and in the immediate neighbourhood of Forthar lime-kiln, and the marle-pit of Bowhouſe, where marle is ſold at 4 d. per boll. There is a neat manſion-houſe on the eſtate, with a complete ſet of offices; a large kitchen-garden, ſurrounded with a high brick-wall, and an orchard, ſtored with fruit-trees of the beſt kinds. The lands hold of the Crown, and are out of leaſe, except part of the lands of Freuchie.

II. The HOUSE in the Old Bank Cloſe, Edinburgh, lately poſſeſſed by Mr Cunnynghame clerk to the ſignet, conſiſting of ſeven rooms, kitchen, cloſets, and cellars.

III. A HOUSE fronting the ſtreet, at the head of Morriſon's Cloſe, being the 5th ſtorey of Sym's Land, conſiſting of two rooms, a bed-cloſet, and kitchen.

Theſe two ſubjects are inſured in the Edinburgh Friendly Inſurance, and the premium paid up.

IV. A HOUSE, being the ſecond ſtorey of the new land at the head of Cant's Cloſe, conſiſting of a handſome dining-room to the ſtreet, three bed-rooms, and a kitchen, with a cellar entering from the cloſe.

For particulars apply to Robert Stewart writer in Edinburgh, who will ſhow the title-deeds, &c.; and George Barclay, overſeer at Lathriſk, will ſhow the eſtate.

By ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Thurſday the 29th day of November inſt. betwixt the hours of five and ſeven afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate of HOLMAINS,

(as formerly advertiſed)

Lying in the pariſhes of Dalton and Lochmaben, (except the lands of Upper Dormont, and the lands of Peacairn, in the pariſh of Dalton, and the Lands in Hoddam and Dryſdale pariſhes, now ſold); to be expoſed altogether, or in the following lots or parcels, and put up, for the encouragement of purchaſers, at the low prices after mentioned, viz.

The whole remaining Eſtate will be expoſed at 14,700 l.

And if it does not ſell *in cumulo*, it will then be divided, and expoſed in lots or parcels, thus, viz.

LOT I.

The Farm of Harthwood, in the pariſh of Lochmaben, about 345 acres, preſent rent 66 l. and twelve hens, holding of the Crown, and valued in the ceſs-books at 135 merks. The teinds are valued and exhauſted; and there is a limeſtone quarry, lately diſcovered and opened, which may yield a good rent, there being no other limeſtone in that part of the country. To be expoſed at 1350 l.

LOT II.

The whole Eſtate in the pariſh of Dalton, (except Upper Dormont and Peacairn) with the Patronage of the Pariſh of Dalton; to be expoſed altogether at 14,000 l.; and if not ſold, it will be divided into three parcels, and expoſed as follows, viz.

Parcel 1. The Lands of Meikle Dalton, (excepting Peacairn) and Kirkwood, and the Fiſhings thereof, with the Patronage of the Pariſh of Dalton, all holding of the Crown, containing about 714 acres, and paying preſently about 288 l.; to be expoſed at 7200 l.

This parcel is all incloſed and ſubdivided; and there is a very good manſion-houſe at Kirkwood, with gardens, orchards, offices, and out-houſes of all kinds, for the accommodation of a gentleman's family. There is alſo above 90 acres of wood land, not rentalled; and the woods are very valuable. They ſold at laſt cutting, in 1754, at 915 l.; and are now again very thriving, and fit for ſale. Since 1754, the woods have been encreaſed by 30 acres of more planting; and all this is excluſive of the full-grown old timber trees ſtanding round the houſe and gardens of Kirkwood, and at the village of Dalton, computed to be worth from 300 to 400 l.

2. The Lands of Holmains, Dam, Little Dalton, Mill thereof, Kirkhill, Amagill, Butterwhat, and Part of Mouſewald Common, all holding of the Crown, containing about 1211 acres, and paying preſently about 273 l.; to be expoſed at 6200 l.

This parcel is completely incloſed and ſubdivided; and there is marle on ſeveral of the farms. There is alſo a convenient manſion-houſe and garden at Holmains, and 30 acres of wood land, not rentalled. The woods are valuable. They ſold, when laſt cut, in 1767, at 750 l. and, being ſince well kept, are now very thriving. There is alſo detached clumps or parcels of oak and aſh, on different parts of the eſtate, now fit for ſale; and a riſe of 50 l. or thereby, is expected on the lands of Holmains, when the current tacks expire, in 1784.

3. The Lands called Fourteen Acres, conſiſting of about 73 acres, and paying preſently 30 l. and 15 hens; to be expoſed at 770 l. The purchaſer of this parcel will have a freehold qualification upon the old extent.

And, at the ſame time and place, there is alſo to be ſold, by roup, the Superiority of the Lands after-mentioned, in the lots following, viz.

LOT I. The Superiority of the Seven Merk Land of Pearſbyhill, called Craighouſeſteads and Midge Brae, belonging in property to Joſeph and Richardſon, valued in the ceſs-books at 142 merks, and paying 20 merks of yearly feu-duty.

II. The Superiority of the Three Merk Land of Lairdholm and Plewlandaſh, belonging in property to Johnſton, preſently under judicial ſale at the inſtance of the apparent heir, valued in the ceſs-books at 140 merks, and paying 2l. Scots of annual feu-duty.

III. The Superiority of the Forty Shilling Land of Rammerſcales, belonging in property to Mr Mounſey, valued in the ceſs-books at 90 merks, and paying 2l. Scots of annual feu-duty, and 3s. 4d. in augmentation of the rental.

IV. The Superiority of the Forty Shilling Land of Cocket-hill, alſo belonging in property to Mr Mounſey, valued in the ceſs books at 100 merks, and paying 2 l. Scots of feu-duty.

V. The Superiority of the Five One-half Merk Land of Raffels, Robywhat, Greenfields, and Howthat, belonging in property to Mr Carruthers of Hardriggs, valued in the ceſs-books at 245 merks, and paying 5½ merks of feu-duty.

William Campbell writer to the ſignet will ſhow the title-deeds, rent-rolls, and current leaſes, plans of the eſtate, and conditions of ſale. John Johnſton at Shillihill, near Lochmaben, will ſhow the lands.

Thoſe who wiſh for further information, or incline to purchaſe by private bargain, may apply to Alexander Farquharſon accomptant in Edinburgh, who will be ready to treat, and to allow a reaſonable time for payment of the price.

LANDS in LINLITHGOW-SHIRE to be SOLD.

THAT upon Wedneſday the 5th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, there is to be expoſed to SALE by public auction, within the houſe of George Jarvey vintner in Bathgate,

All and whole the Lands of WESTER-STRAITH, and the Lands of DUNTASSIERIGG and ELLRIGSIDE, pertaining and belonging to the ſame, lying within the pariſh of Torphichen and ſhire of Linlithgow.

Theſe lands are all improveable, ſituated almoſt centrically betwixt the market-towns of Linlithow, Bathgate, and Falkirk; they will preſently ſet at about 30 l. Sterling per annum of rent, and are partly incloſed.

The conditions of ſale and progreſs of writs, which are clear, may be ſeen in the hands of David Corbet writer in Bathgate;—to whom any perſon, wanting to purchaſe by private bargain, may apply.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within Jo hn's coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Monday the 26th of November curt. betwixt f. e and ſix afternoon,

The Six Merk Land of HOLM of DALSKAIRTH,

and four fifth parts contiguous thereto, of the ſix merk land of DRUNGANS, lying in the pariſh of Troqueir, and ſtewartry of Kirkcudbright, within three miles of Dumfries.

The ſituation of this eſtate is extremely beautiful. It coutains about 500 Scots acres, of which above fifty acres are covered with wood, particularly old oak, to a very conſiderable value.

The lands of Holm hold blench of the crown, and the lands of Drungans of a ſubject ſuperior. The teinds of both are valued.

As alſo, That Incloſure adjoining to the town of Dumfries, called LARRIEPOTTS, conſiſting of about three acres of meadow ground, declared teind free, by decree of the commiſſion of teinds.

The progreſs, rental, and a plan of the lands, may be ſeen by applying to William Dick writer to the ſignet; and Mr Maxwell of Carruchan, near Dumfries, will give information as to any other particulars.

JUDICIAL SALE.

By Adjournment and Price reduced.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion, within the Parliament or New Seſſion Houſe of Edinburgh, upon Friday the 7th day of December next, between the hours of 3 and 5 in the afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The Town and Lands of KIRKTOWN EARL STRATHDIGHTY, with the manor-place and pertinents, and teinds of the ſame, lying within the pariſh of Mains and ſheriffdom of Forfar, which belonged to the deceaſed George Pilmor of Kirktown, merchant in Dundee.—The proven free rent of the lands is 163 l. 19 s. 1 d. 7-12ths ſterling, and the proven value, at 20 years purchaſe, is 3279 l. 2 s. 7 d. 8-12ths ſter.

The lands hold feu of a ſubject for payment of 5 s. 6 d. 8-12ths ſterling of feu-duty.

The articles of ſale may be ſeen at the office of Mr Stevenſon depute-clerk of ſeſſion; and further information will be got by applying to Alexander Duncan writer to the ſignet.

ESTATE OF STRATHTYRUM.

TO be SOLD, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 30th January next, betwixt the hours of five and ſix o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate of STRATHTYRUM and BALGOVE, lying within the pariſh of St Andrews, and county of Fife. The preſent rent is 298 l. 10 s. Sterling, after paying all public burdens. The tack of Balgove expires at Martimmas 1782, when a very conſiderable riſe of rent may be depended upon, as it has not been raiſed theſe fifty years.

There is a handſome modern houſe upon the eſtate, conſiſting of a very elegant dining-room, drawing-room, eight bed-chambers and cloſets; beſides a ſunk ſtorey in which there is excellent accommodation for ſervants. The houſe is beautifully ſituated within a mile of St Andrews, and commands a noble proſpect of the town and neighbourhood. There are alſo a very good court of office-houſes, a good garden, and a great deal of very thriving wood round the houſe.

The valued rent of the above eſtate is 895 l. 3 s. 4 d. Scots.

The progreſs of writs, rentals, and articles of roup are to be ſeen in the hands of William Chalmers writer in Edinburgh, who will inform as to further particulars.

By Adjournment.

TO be SOLD by roup, or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 28th day of November 1781, betwixt the hours of five and ſeven afternoon,

I. The Lands and Barony of CLOSEBURN, lying in the united pariſhes of Cloſeburn and Dalgarna, and ſhire of Dumfries, with the right of patronage of the ſaid united pariſhes.

II. The Lands and Eſtate of CAPENOCH, lying in the pariſh of Keir and ſhire aforeſaid.

The Barony of Cloſeburn conſiſts of 9360 acres, or thereby; and the free-rent, after deduction of all public burdens, is about 1740 l. Sterling, excluſive of the lime-quarries and ſalmon-fiſhing.

There are Woods upon this eſtate to the extent of 270 acres, or thereby, whereof about 180 is moſtly oak, one-half twenty years old, the other lately cut, about fifty is fir and other timber near and round the manſion-houſe, 50 years old; and about forty is a thriving plantation of young firs on the farms of Campel and Lakehead.

The farm of Cloſeburn Mains is completely incloſed and ſub-divided, and ſome of the parks were, a few years ago, laid down to graſs, and are in great heart; and a conſiderable part of the remaining eſtate is incloſed and parcelled out into ſmall farms, and provided with neat farm houſes and offices, lately built.

Near the middle of this Barony there is a lime-work, in a moſt flouriſhing condition, which, beſides being a noble fund for improving the eſtate, has, for a number of years paſt, yielded ſeveral hundred pounds of clear annual profit.

The eſtate has right of Salmon-fiſhing on the river Nith, which bounds it on the ſouth. It has alſo great plenty of moſs; and the whole is well ſheltered and watered.

It is ſituated about ten meaſured miles from the market-town and thirteen from the port of Dumfries, where there is a conſtant demand for grain, both for home conſumption and export; alſo a weekly market for cattle of every kind. It is about the ſame diſtance from Sanquhar, from which coal can be got at a reaſonable rate, and only two miles from the village of Thornhill, where there is a quarterly fair, and a good market for yarn, and all ſorts of coarſe cloths, the manufacture of the country.

The great roads from England and Dumfries, to Glaſgow and Ayr, by Thornhill and Sanquhar, and to Edinburgh, by the Lead-hills, paſs through this eſtate, for upwards of three miles.

Theſe advantages, in point of ſituation and intercourſe, afford the tenants an opportunity of getting the very beſt prices for the product of their farms.

The barony of Cloſeburn ſtands rated in the ceſs-books at 4350 merks Scots, whereof about 3000 merks holds blench of the Crown, and the remainder of ſubjects for payment of ſmall feu-duties. The proprietor has right to the tithes.

The eſtate of Capenoch holds of a ſubject, and is pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the waters of Shinnel and Scarr. It contains 900 acres or thereby, including about 56 acres of wood twenty years old. Part of theſe lands are at preſent in the proprietor's own hand, but the free rent of the whole, when laſt ſet, was 231l. 3s. 6d. ſter. The arable part of this eſtate has almoſt all been limed within theſe three years, and the paſture ground is reckoned one of the beſt ſheep walks in Nithſdale. The lands of Byreholm, part of Capenoch, has lately been incloſed and divided into ſmall farms, and good houſes built on them.

William Campbell writer to the ſignet will ſhew the title-deeds, rent-rolls, current leaſes, plans of the eſtate, and conditions of ſale; and copies of the rent-rolls will be ſeen in the hands of Mr William Macdowal, at Dumfries, the factor on the eſtate, who will alſo ſhew the lands.

For farther particulars, apply to Alexander Farquharſon accomptant in Edinburgh, who has power to ſell by private bargain, and will be ready to treat and allow a reaſonable time to pay the price.

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